Development of an innovative value chain for land infested by an invasive plant, the Japanese knotweed



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Who is ISSeP ?

- ✓ **Public Administration Unit** (Walloon Minister or the Environment)
- Walloon expert in environmental monitoring, risk prevention and management, exploration of environment/health links
- ✓ Recognized research organization
- ✓ Operating sites







✓ Around 300 employees

The origin of the Japanese knotweed project

Preliminary findings

• Environmental

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- Threat on biodiversity (watercourse, land...) and impact on development projects
- Awareness following a decree on the management and traceability of excavated soil
- But, high management costs for poor results after remediation
- Japanese knotweed extracts (cosmetics, agro-food complements...)
 - Importation of JK extracts from China (poor quality)
 - Expensive extracts from France (from vine branches)
 - > Availability of rhizome deposits in infested land in Wallonia

Solution: Development of a circular value chain combining environmental management of infested land and valorization of Japanese knotweed rhizomes (extraction of high added value substances) in Wallonia

Collaborators and their expertise





- Soil management and traceability
- Management of polluted soils
- Circular economy
- Innovative project management



- Food technologies extraction
- Adding value to local plant resources
- Use of vegetal extracts for diverse applications
- Innovative project management



Valorisation and Commercialisation aspects

Collaborators and their expertise

With the support of :



Interdepartmental invasive species unit

- Competent authority
- Publication of dedicated technical data sheets

Administrative aspects

Decision tree for Japanese knotweed management



Technical sheets for attenuation or eradication techniques



http://biodiversite.wallonie.be/renouees invasives@spw.wallonie.be

Schematic diagram of the valorization process of Japanese knotweed infested land



Circular approach: 2 main steps

• "Upstream" chain : from land excavation to isolation of Japanese knotweed rhizomes ready to be valorized.



Key matter : Extractable material (schredded rhizomes)

• "*Downstream*" chain : from extraction of high added-value molecules contained in the extractable material to marketing of Japanese knotweed extracts in the agri-food industry.

<u>Objective</u>: Assessment of the technical and economic feasibility of the proposed treatment process; comparison with the current situation; assessment of the relevance of the projected economic model in Wallonia.

Circular approach: « Upstream" chain



Circular approach: « Downstream" chain



Main reports from field investigation ("upstream" chain)

• Rhizomes are generally concentrated in the fringe 0-25cm of land

- 1,98 % weight and 2,38kg/m² of rhizomes in excavated soil (0-25cm)
- Techniques for separating rhizomes from infested excavated soil: excavation – sieving – handpicking

- Estimated cost for rhizome separation from infested land (2020)*: 12
 €/ton (vs 18 €/ton for conventional management)
- Additional costs: management of lightly infested land (deep soil)
 Best option: soil confinement

*including excavation, sieving, handpicking, land management... and excluding deep fringe of the soil

Main reports from field investigation ("downstream" chain)

• Loss of 30% weight from rhizomes to prepare extractable material

Washing, Drying, Shredding

- Optimized hydro-alcoholic extraction of high added value molecules, then enrichment of extracts
- Seasonal influence for high added value molecule concentration (+ Spring)
- 10g of enriched extracts containing 20% of active material (target molecules) from 1kg of extractable material
- Inactivation of the residue after extraction
- Cost for high added value molecules extraction: 5000 €/ton
- Profit margin from marketing the enriched extracts: 1500 10000 €/ton

Example of case study

- Chemically contaminated site includind 50-acre infested land by Japanese Knotweed
- Large building project after remediation

- Estimation : 20 tons of recovered raw rhizomes → 14 tons of extractable material
- "Downstream" chain profit margin : 20 000 140 000 € which must cover the "upstream" chain costs

Take home message

- High potential for the entire value chain → Incentive for infested land remediation
- Financial support of infested land remediation by marketing of Japanese knotweed extracts
- Local production of high quality Japanese Knotweed extracts (no importation)
- Need to raise awareness among stakeholders to develop the value chain
 → Role of the administration/competent authorities!?

Save the date

L'Institut Scientifique de Service Public (ISSeP) en collaboration avec la Cellule interdépartementale des Espèces invasives du SPW (CiEi), vous convient à une journée thématique.

« Colloque sur la gestion de la renouée du Japon dans les chantiers de réaménagement : contraintes, solutions, perspectives. »

Mardi 19 novembre 2024

Auditorium des Moulins de Beez Rue du Moulin de Meuse, 5 5000 Namur

Cette journée de partage d'expérience permettra notamment de connaitre les pratiques mises en place en dehors des frontières wallonnes grâce à l'intervention d'orateurs internationaux.

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Thanks for your attention !

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